WHO International Standard Leptin, mouse, rDNA-derived NIBSC code: 97/626 Instructions for use (Version 4.0, Dated 02/04/2013)

1. INTENDED USE

The preparation coded 97/626 was established as the 1st International Standard (IS) for leptin, mouse sequence, by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization in 1999, following evaluation in an international collaborative study by eight laboratories. The leptin used in this preparation is the mouse form of the molecule, synthesized in E. coli by recombinant DNA technology.

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

The assigned potency of the 1st IS for leptin, mouse sequence, is 4000 International Units (IU) per ampoule.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

Each ampoule contains the residue after freeze-drying of 1.0 ml of a solution that contained:

leptin	4 microgram/ml
trehalose	2 mg/ml
human serum albumin	5 mg/ml
sodium citrate, pH 5.2	10 mmol/l

5. STORAGE

The ampoules are shipped at ambient temperature. Unopened ampoules should be stored at -20 degrees C in the dark. For economy of use, it is recommended that the reconstituted solution be subdivided into several small containers and stored at, or below, -40 degrees C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided. The ampoules do not contain bacteriostat and solutions of the ampouled material should not be assumed to be sterile.

Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

DIN ampoules have an 'easy-open' coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution

The IS is intended for calibration of local standards. For all practical purposes, each ampoule contains the same quantity of leptin. The entire contents of each ampoule should be completely dissolved in a known

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volume of suitable solvent. It is recommended that, when possible, buffer containing carrier protein should be used to minimize loss by surface adsorption.

8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperaturecontrolled storage facilities and they should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. Accelerated degradation studies have indicated that this material is suitably stable, when stored at -20°C or below, for the assigned values to remain valid until the material is withdrawn or replaced. These studies have also shown that the material is suitably stable for shipment at ambient temperature without any effect on the assigned values. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

9. REFERENCES

The first international standard for human leptin and the first international standard for mouse leptin comparison of candidate preparations by in vitro bioassays and immunoassays

Robinson CJ, Gaines Das R, Woollacott D and participants in the study Journal of Molecular Endocrinology (2001) 27:69-76

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The leptin ampouled as this International Standard was selected from preparations generously donated to WHO by Amgen Inc., Novartis Pharma AG, R&D Systems Inc. and SmithKline Beecham Pharmaceuticals. Grateful acknowledgements are due also to the participants in the collaborative study in which the candidate standards were evaluated.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows; This material: enquiries@nibsc.org WHO Biological Standards: http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/ JCTLM Higher order reference materials: http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/ Derivation of International Units: http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx Ordering standards from NIBSC: http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx NIBSC Terms & Conditions: http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET





Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties			
Physical appearance: Freeze dried powder	Corrosive:	No	
Stable: No	Oxidising:	No	
Hygroscopic: Yes	Irritant:	No	
Flammable: No	Handling:	See caution, Section 2	
Other (specify): contains material of human origin			
Toxicological properties			
Effects of inhalation:		blished, avoid inhalation	
Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion			
Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin			
Suggested First Aid			
Inhalation: Seek medical advice			
Ingestion: Seek medical advice			
Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice			
Contact with skin: W	ash thoroughly w	vith water.	
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal			
	n appropriate disi	e taken up with absorbent nfectant. Rinse area with an	

appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom		
* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or		
sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of		
supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.		
Net weight: 10mg		
Toxicity Statement: Toxicity not assessed		
Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.		
Attached: No		

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_bi

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olefstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

