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1. INTENDED USE

Influenza antigen reagent 22/100 is prepared for single radial diffusion assay of A/Victoria/2570/2019 (IVR-215) egg-derived antigens using an appropriate NIBSC antiserum reagent.

2. CAUTION

The material is not of human or bovine origin. This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals

As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

The potency of 22/100 is $58 \mu g/ml$.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

Antigen reagent 22/100 is prepared from formalin inactivated, partially purified Influenza antigen A/Victoria/2570/2019 (IVR-215) virus grown in eggs, which was suspended in PBSA buffer containing 1% (w/v) sucrose and processed for freeze drying as described in:

 $\label{lem:http://www.who.int/biologicals/reference_preparations/establishment/en/index.html.$

The reagent has been inactivated following validated procedures used to produce human influenza vaccine that is registered in the EU. This inactivated reagent has been shown to be free from residual infectious virus by testing according to the European Pharmacopeia Compendial Assay (monograph 0158).

5. STORAGE

-20°C

Please note because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Users of the material wishing to refer to the declared ampoule content for use in quantitative or semi-quantitative assay methods should note that the stated content of the material is based on a small collaborative study involving WHO Essential Regulatory Laboratories (ERLs) or Official Medicines Control Laboratories (OMCLs). Studies of recovery and stability of similar antigen preparations indicate that that recovery after ampouling is likely to be close to quantitative, and that no significant loss of content would be expected during storage over at least a 10 year period.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freezedried material prior to reconstitution.

For all practical purposes each ampoule contains the same quantity of the substances listed above. Reconstitute the total contents of one ampoule of reagent with 1ml of distilled water, allow to stand for a



minimum of 5 minutes before use to allow for complete solution of freeze dried material. Antigen 22/100 should be used according to the method described by Wood, JM, Schild, GC, Newman RW and Seagrott, VA, journal of Biological Standardisation, 1977, 5, 237-247, with the following modification: it is recommended that antigen reagent 22/100 and test A/Victoria/2570/2019 (IVR-215) virus antigens should be treated with Zwittergent 3-14 detergent (Calbiochem-Behring, La Jolla, CA, USA) before single radial diffusion assay. Suitable incubation conditions are as follows:

450 microlitres of antigen are added to 50 microlitres of 10% (w/v) Zwittergent detergent and incubated in covered containers for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25 C). Dilutions of detergent treated antigens are then added to wells in single radial diffusion immunoplates and incubated at 20-25 C.

Reagent 22/100 should be used to assay A/Victoria/2570/2019 (IVR-215) antigens using an appropriate NIBSC antiserum reagent.

8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials. Users of the material wishing to refer to the declared ampoule content for use in quantitative or semi-quantitative assay methods should note that the stated content of the material is based on a small collaborative study involving WHO Essential Regulatory Laboratories (ERLs) or Official Medicines Control Laboratories (OMCLs). Studies of recovery and stability of similar antigen preparations indicate that that recovery after ampouling is likely to be close to quantitative, and that no significant loss of content would be expected during storage over at least a 10 year period.

9. REFERENCES

N/A

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

N/A

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows;
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/
Derivation of International Units:
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC:
http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx
NIBSC Terms & Conditions:
http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.



14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

(EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified			
Physical and Chemical properties			
Physical appearance:		Corrosive:	No
White powder			
Stable: Yes		Oxidising:	No
Hygroscopi No		Irritant:	No
C:			
Flammable: No			e caution, Section 2
Other Contains inactivated influenza virus			
(specify):			
Toxicological properties			
Effects of inhalation: Not		established, avoid inhalation	
Effects of ingestion: Not		established, avoid ingestion	
Effects of skin	Not established, avoid contact with		
absorption:	sorption: skin		
Suggested First Aid			
Inhalation: Seek medical advice			
Ingestion: Seek medical advice			
Contact with Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek			
eyes: medical advice			
Contact with Wash thoroughly with water.			
skin:			
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal			
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.			

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biological waste.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom * Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 1 g

Toxicity Statement: Toxicity not assessed

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No