

Influenza Reagent
Influenza virus infectious A/Christchurch/516/2019
NIBSC code: 19/230
Instructions for use
(Version 3.0, Dated 04/12/2019)

1. INTENDED USE

Reagent 19/230 is prepared from A/Christchurch/516/2019 (H3N2) which was processed for freeze drying in 250µl volumes as described by Campbell, PJ, Journal of Biological Standardisation, 1974, 2,249-267. The known passage history of A/Christchurch/516/2019 is attached.

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

No unitage is assigned to this material

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

Each ampoule contains 250µl (nominal) of infectious influenza virus as allantoic fluid from SPF embryonated hen's eggs.

5. STORAGE

Store in the dark at -20°C or below

Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Vials have a 'flip-up' circular cap. Either on the cap or the collar of the vial, there is an indication of the point at which to lever off the cap. This exposes an area of the stopper through which reconstitution and withdrawal of the preparation can be made using a hypodermic needle and syringe. If use of a pipette is preferred, then fully remove the metal collar using, for example, forceps, taking care to avoid cuts by wearing appropriate gloves. Remove the stopper for access. Care should be taken to prevent loss of the contents.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

Reconstitute the contents of one ampoule of reagent with 250µl of sterile distilled water. Leave for a minimum of 5 minutes before use to allow for complete solution of freeze-dried material. A range of dilutions (e.g. 10³ to 10⁵) should be made in a suitable medium for initial cultivation.

8. STABILITY

Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference

9. REFERENCES

NΑ

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

NA

National Institute for Biological Standards and Control,

Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, EN6 3QG. T +44 (0)1707 641000, nibsc.org WHO International Laboratory for Biological Standards, UK Official Medicines Control Laboratory

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows;

This material: enquiries@nibsc.org

WHO Biological Standards:

http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/

JCTLM Higher order reference materials:

http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/ Derivation of International Units:

http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC)

No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified					
Physical and Chemical properties					
Physical appearance:			Corrosive:	No	
white powder					
Stable:	Yes		Oxidising:	No	
Hygroscopic:	No		Irritant:	No	
Flammable:	No		Handling:See	caution, Section 2	
Other (specify): Live influenza virus					
Toxicological properties					
Effects of inhalation: Li		₋ikeli	kelihood of influenza virus infection		
Effects of ingestion:		Not established, avoid ingestion			
Effects of skin absorption:		Not established, avoid contact with skin			
Suggested First Aid					
Inhalation: Seek medical advice					
Ingestion: Seek medical advice					
Contact with eyes:	: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice				
Contact with skin:	Wash thoroughly with water.				
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal					
Spillage of contents should be taken up with absorbent material					

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biologically hazardous waste.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

wetted with an appropriate virucidal agent. Rinse area with an

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

appropriate virucidal agent followed by water.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon



request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom

* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 0.25g per ampoule Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No

Passage history of A/Christchurch/516/2019

Passage	Lot	Laboratory
E1-E2	Unknown	Unknown
E3	SL10021252	VIDRL, Australia
E4	45010	NIBSC, Hertfordshire, UK

Sterility: No visible contamination was detected in a variety of media (tryptose soya broth, thioglycolate broth, Sabouraud's broth and blood agar plates) after 14 days incubation.