

Influenza Reagent Influenza anti-A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like HA serum NIBSC code: 16/182 Instructions for use (Version 1.0, Dated 02/08/2016)

1. INTENDED USE

Influenza antiserum reagent 16/182 is prepared for single radial diffusion assay of A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like antigens using an appropriate NIBSC antigen reagent.

The antiserum reagent was prepared in sheep 652, 653, 656 and 657 using the purified HA of A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like viruses. The HA antigens were extracted from purified virus by treatment with bromelain and purified by sedimentation on sucrose gradients (Brand, CN and Skehel, JJ, Nature, New Biology, 1972, 238, 145-147.

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

No unitage is assigned to this material.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

The immunization schedule for sheep 652 was as follows: one dose of approximately 50 μg of A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like virus NYMCX-263B HA with Freund's Complete Adjuvant (FCA) was given intramuscularly, followed two weeks later with a 10 microgram dose of NYMCX-263B HA including Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant (FIA). Three further 10 microgram doses of NYMCX-263B HA, including FIA, were given at weekly intervals. Six weeks after the initial immunization, sera were collected and sodium azide (0.05% w/v) added.

The immunization schedule for sheep 653, 656 and 657 was as follows: one dose of approximately 50 μg of A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like virus NYMCX-263B HA, with FCA, was given intramuscularly, followed two weeks later with a 10 microgram dose of NYMCX-263B HA including FIA. Five further 10 microgram doses of NYMCX-263B HA, including FIA, were given at weekly intervals. Eight weeks after the initial immunization, serum was collected and sodium azide (0.05% w/v) added.

All sera were then treated by an APHIS approved method for the inactivation of FMDV.

The sera were pooled and then diluted 1:4 with PBS buffer containing sodium azide (0.05% w/v) filtered and filled into vials in 2ml volumes.

5. STORAGE

The recommended storage temperature is +2-8°C.

However, if it is intended to store the reagent for long periods i.e.>2years, they may be stored at -20°C. The antiserum can be frozen and thawed without any adverse impact on use in the SRD assay.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Vials have a screw cap; an internal stopper may also be present. The cap should be removed by turning anti-clockwise. Care should be taken to prevent loss of the contents. Please note: If a stopper is present on removal of the cap, the stopper should remain in the vial or be removed with the cap.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

For the assay of antigens containing 20-50µg of HA activity in 1ml, 15µl-25µl of the undiluted reagent should be added to 1ml agarose. It may be necessary to change the antiserum concentrations depending on the A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like antigen standard used or according to local laboratory conditions.

Antiserum Reagent 16/182 should be used according to the method described by Wood, JM, Schild, GC, Newman, RW and Seagroatt, VA. Journal of Biological Standardisation, 1977, 5, 2.

8. STABILITY

It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. They remain valid with the assigned potency and status until withdrawn or amended.

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. Once reconstituted, diluted or aliquoted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC. Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

9. REFERENCES

None

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

None

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows; This material: enquiries@nibsc.org WHO Biological Standards: http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/JCTLM Higher order reference materials: http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/Derivation of International Units:

http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC

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code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

(EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified		
Physical and Chemical properties		
Physical appearance: Liquid	Corrosive:	No
Stable: Yes	Oxidising:	No
Hygroscopic: No	Irritant:	No
Flammable: No	Handling:	See caution, Section 2
Other (specify): Contains Sheep Serum and Sodium Azide (0.05% w/v)		
Toxicological properties		
Effects of inhalation: Not established, avoid inhalation		
Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion		
Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin		
Suggested First Aid		
Inhalation: Seek medical advice		
Ingestion: Seek medical advice		
	Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice	
Contact with skin: V	Vash thoroughl	y with water.
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal		
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an		

material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

biological waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom

* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 2g

Toxicity Statement: Non toxic

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: Yes SH652 SH653 SH656 SH657

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Olga Woolmer, DVM, MRCVS
Named Veterinary Surgeon
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NW1 0TU

VETERINARY CERTIFICATE OF ANIMAL HEALTH

This is to certify that I have examined a Sheep with ear tag number: UK 0263 731 00634 [Virology no. SH652], which has been used in the production of blood antiserum between 9th March 2016 and 20th April 2016. Both the ear tag number and the animals' record show that it is of UK origin.

This animal was a breeding Ewe which became surplus to requirements. In my opinion at the time of clinical examination, the ewe was in good health and showed no clinical signs of infectious disease.

Olga Woolmer, DVM, MRCVS Named Veterinary Surgeon

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VETERINARY CERTIFICATE OF ANIMAL HEALTH

This is to certify that I have examined a Sheep with ear tag number: UK 0263 731 00673[Virology no. SH653], which has been used in the production of blood antiserum between 9th March 2016 and 3rd May 2016. Both the ear tag number and the animals' record show that it is of UK origin.

This animal was a breeding Ewe which became surplus to requirements. In my opinion at the time of clinical examination, the ewe was in good health and showed no clinical signs of infectious disease.

Arturo Fernandez DVM MRCVS Named Veterinary Surgeon

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VETERINARY CERTIFICATE OF ANIMAL HEALTH

This is to certify that I have examined a Sheep with ear tag number: UK 2637310587 [Virology no. SH656], which has been used in the production of blood antiserum between 20th April 2016 and 14th June 2016. Both the ear tag number and the animals' record show that it is of UK origin.

This animal was a breeding Ewe which became surplus to requirements. In my opinion at the time of clinical examination, the ewe was in good health and showed no clinical signs of infectious disease.

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VETERINARY CERTIFICATE OF ANIMAL HEALTH

This is to certify that I have examined a Sheep with ear tag number: UK 2637310614 [Virology no. SH657], which has been used in the production of blood antiserum between 20th April 2016 and 14th June 2016. Both the ear tag number and the animals' record show that it is of UK origin.

This animal was a breeding Ewe which became surplus to requirements. In my opinion at the time of clinical examination, the ewe was in good health and showed no clinical signs of infectious disease.

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