

WHO International Standard
The 3rd International Standard for Antithrombin, Concentrate,
Human
NIBSC code: 06/166

Instructions for use (Version 2.0, Dated 12/07/2013)

1. INTENDED USE

The 3rd International Standard for Antithrombin, Concentrate, Human, consists of ampoules, coded 06/166, containing aliquots of a freeze-dried concentrate prepared from human plasma. This preparation was established as the 3rd International Standard for Antithrombin, Concentrate, Human, by the Expert Committee on Biological Standardisation of the World Health Organisation in 2007. The ECBS report is available from the WHO (www.who.int/biologicals); document number: WHO/BS/07.2069. This standard is intended for use in the estimation of functional activity and antigenic content of antithrombin concentrates.

2. CAUTION

This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE

The standard was value assigned in an international collaborative study involving 21 laboratories from 12 countries against the 2nd International Standard for Antithrombin, Concentrate, Human, 96/520. All the functional assays performed were based on the heparin co-factor chromogenic method (17 labs used thrombin inhibition, 4 labs used factor Xa inhibition). The antigenic assays were carried out by nephelometry (4 labs), Laurells (2 labs), 3 ELISA (3 labs) and immunoturbidimetry (1 lab).

The assigned potencies are as follows:

Functional: 4.4 IU/ampoule Antigenic: 4.5 IU/ampoule

Uncertainty: the assigned unitage does not carry an uncertainty associated with its calibration. The uncertainty may therefore be considered to be the variance of the ampoule content and was determined to be \pm /- 0.21 %.

4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: Sweden.

Thirty-four vials (1500 IU/vial) of plasma derived human antithrombin concentrate were each reconstituted with 30 ml of sterile distilled water. Following the dilution of the pooled material with approximately 9 litres of 0.05M Tris, 0.15M NaCl, pH 7.4 containing 2 mg/ml trehalose and 10 mg/ml human albumin. the solution was distributed at 4°C into 10,000 ampoules, coded 06/166. The mean weight of liquid content of 196 check weight ampoules was 1.0055g, with limits of 1.0000 - 1.0095 g (coefficient of variation 0.21%). The contents of the ampoules were then

freeze-dried under the conditions normally used for international biological standards (Campbell PJ, 1974).

5. STORAGE

Unopened ampoules should be stored in the dark at or below -20° C. Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

DIN ampoules have an 'easy-open' coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution.

Allow ampoules to warm to room temperature. Open ampoule, taking care to ensure that all material is in the lower part and reconstitute with 1.0 ml distilled water. Stand for 10 minutes at room temperature to allow complete dissolution of the material before use. The reconstituted Standard should be used as soon as possible.

8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. Once reconstituted, diluted or aliquoted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use.

NIBSC follows the policy of the WHO with respect to its reference materials It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. they remain valid with the assigned potency and status until withdrawn or amended.

Accelerated degradation study, involving the potency estimation of ampoules stored at elevated temperatures relative to ampoules stored at -150°C was carried out in one laboratory (NIBSC), using the heparin cofactor chromogenic thrombin based assay. Estimated loss of functional and antigen activity after 6 years storage is less than 0.02% per year when stored at -20°C, the storage temperature of the proposed IS. These data indicate that the preparation is exceedingly stable and suitable for long term use as an International Standard. The predicted loss at +20°C is less than 0.4% per year which supports the shipment at ambient temperature. The accelerated degradation study and real time monitoring will continue for the lifetime of the standard.

9. REFERENCES

Campbell PJ. Procedures used for the production of biological standards and reference preparations. J Biol Standardisation. 1974, 2, 259-267.

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to acknowledge the donation of the antithrombin concentrates by GTC Biotherapeutics, Octapharma AB and Talecris Biotherapeutics, the participants of the study, the support of the Plasma Coagulation Inhibitors Subcommittee of the Scientific and Standardization Committee of the International Society on Thrombosis and Haemostasis.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows; This material: enquiries@nibsc.org



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NIBSC Confidence in Biological Medicines

reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

WHO Biological Standards: http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/ JCTLM Higher order reference materials: http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/ Derivation of International Units:

http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties			
Physical appearance: white freeze-dried powder		Corrosive:	No
Stable: Yes		Oxidising:	No
Hygroscopic: Yes		Irritant:	Unknown
Flammable: No		Handling:See	caution, Section 2
Other (specify): contains material of human origin			
Toxicological properties			
Effects of inhalation: Not		established, avoid inhalation	
Effects of ingestion: Not		established, avoid ingestion	
Effects of skin absorption: No		established, avoid contact with skin	
Suggested First Aid			
Inhalation: See	Seek medical advice		
Ingestion: See	Seek medical advice		
Contact with eyes: Was	Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek		
	medical advice		
Contact with skin: Was	Wash thoroughly with water.		
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal			
Spillage of contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate			

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biological waste.

disinfectant followed by water.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by

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16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom

* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 0.28 g per ampoule

Toxicity Statement: Toxicity not assessed

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_biol efstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

