

Non WHO Reference Material Botulinum type D antitoxin, equine NIBSC code: 01/510 Instructions for use (Version 6.0, Dated 24/01/2014)

This material is not for in vitro diagnostic use.

This material is a freeze-dried residue of horse antiserum to Clostridium botulinum type D toxin complex. It is intended for calibration of the bioassay for botulinum type D antitoxin. The material may also be suitable to confirm serotype identity of botulinum type D toxin / toxoid.

## This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

### 3. UNITAGE

This material is a candidate replacement for 61/001 (BTUSD). Calibration has yet to be performed.

## 4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United States.

This preparation contains the freeze-dried residue of 1.0 ml of horse plasma. The material was donated to NIBSC in July 1998 by the US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases, Fort Detrick, USA. The material was made by immunising horses with Botulinum type D toxoid followed by toxin complex (from strain D CB-16) and plasma obtained at week 64. This material has yet to be calibrated against the 1st WHO International Standard 61/001 (BTUSD).

## 5. STORAGE

Unopened ampoules should be stored at -20°C.

Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

## 6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

DIN ampoules have an 'easy-open' coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

## 7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution

Clostridium botulinum antitoxins were established to define International Units for each type of antitoxin to be used in the control of therapeutic antitoxin preparations. Preparation and assay of the 1st International Standard for Clostridium botulinum types A, B, C, D and E antitoxin were described by Bowner [1]. This material, as a candidate replacement for 61/001 (BTUSD), is intended for calibration of the bioassay for botulinum type D antitoxin. The material may also be suitable to confirm serotype identity of botulinum type D toxin / toxoid.

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### 8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperaturecontrolled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

Units assigned to this material were valid at the time of calibration and there is no data available on long term stability. However, freeze-dried serum standards are expected to undergo negligible loss of activity during long term storage at the indicated storage temperature [2].

Once reconstituted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use. Users who have data supporting any changes in the characteristics of this material are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

## 9. REFERENCES

- 1. Bowner EJ. Preparation and assay of the International standards for Clostridium botulinum types A, B, C, D and E antitoxins. Bull World Health Organization 1963, 29, 701-709.
- 2. Jerne NK and Perry WLM. The Stability of Biological Standards, Bull. Wld. Hlth. Org. 1956, vol. 14 pp 167-182.
- 3. Jones RGA. Corbel MJ. & Sesardic D. A review of WHO International Standards for botulinum antitoxins. Biologicals 2006, 34, 223-226.

## 10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank USAMRIID for kindly donating this material.

## 11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows;

This material: enquiries@nibsc.org

WHO Biological Standards:

http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/

JCTLM Higher order reference materials:

http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/ **Derivation of International Units:** 

http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international\_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms\_and\_conditions.aspx

## 12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

## 13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

## 14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties			
Physical appearance: Freeze dried powder	Corrosive:	No	





Stable:	Oxidising:	No		
Yes				
Hygroscopic:	Irritant:	No		
Yes				
Flammable:	Handling:	See caution, Section 2		
No				
Other (specify): Contains horse plasma				
Toxicological properties				
Effects of inhalation: Not established, avoid inhalation				
Effects of ingestion: Not established, avoid ingestion				
Effects of skin absorption: Not established, avoid contact with skin				
Suggested First Aid				
Inhalation: So	eek medical advice			
Ingestion: Seek medical advice				
Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek				
medical advice				
Contact with skin: W	ash thoroughly w	ith water.		
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal				
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent				
material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.				

## 15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biological waste.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About\_Us/Terms\_and\_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

## 16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes\*: United Kingdom

\* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: Approx 100mg

Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No

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